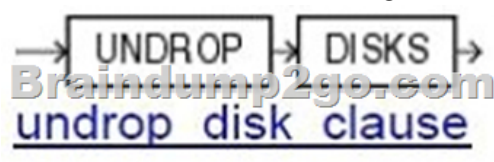


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NEW QUESTION 51 - NEW QUESTION 60: QUESTION 51 Which statements about the MEMORY_TARGET initialization parameter are true? (Choose all that apply.)
A. MEMORY_TARGET can be increased up to the value of MEMORY_MAX_TARGET, if MEMORY_MAX_TARGET is set to a value greater than zero.
B. MEMORY_MAX_TARGET defaults to a value of zero if MEMORY_TARGET is not set.
C. MEMORY_TARGET represents the total amount of memory that can be allocated to SGA and PGA memory structures.
D. MEMORY_TARGET is static and cannot be modified without shutting down the instance.
Answer: ABC
QUESTION 52 You are performing incomplete recovery using RMAN. You execute the following RUN block:
RUN { SET UNTIL SCN 1107600; RESTORE DATABASE; RECOVER DATABASE; }
Which statement is true about the result?
A. RMAN restores all datafiles from the most recent backup available since the failure and applies the redo logs necessary to recover the database to SCN 1107600.
B. RMAN restores all datafiles needed to restore the database through SCN 1107599 and applies the redo logs necessary to recover the database through SCN 1107599.
C. RMAN restores all datafiles and control files from the most recent backup.
D. The RUN block fails because you did not specify an UNTIL clause in your RECOVER DATABASE command.
Answer: B
QUESTION 53 You are managing an ASM instance. You previously issued the following statements:
ALTER DISKGROUP dg1 DROP DISK disk2;
ALTER DISKGROUP dg1 DROP DISK disk3;
ALTER DISKGROUP dg1 DROP DISK disk5;
You want to cancel the disk drops that are pending for the DG1 disk group. Which statement should you issue?
A. ALTER DISKGROUP dg1 UNDROP disk2, disk3, disk5;
B. ALTER DISKGROUP dg1 UNDROP;
C. ALTER DISKGROUP dg1 UNDROP DISKS;
D. You cannot cancel the pending disk drops.
Answer: C
Explanation:



Use this clause to cancel the drop of disks from the disk group. You can cancel the pending drop of all the disks in one or more disk groups (by specifying diskgroup_name) or of all the disks in all disk groups (by specifying ALL). This clause is not relevant for disks that have already been completely dropped from the disk group or for disk groups that have been completely dropped. This clause results in a long-running operation. You can see the status of the operation by querying the V\$ASM_OPERATION dynamic performance view.
QUESTION 54 A database is running in ARCHIVELOG mode and regular backups are performed. A user receives the following error message:
Which is the recommended sequence of operations you need to perform for the query successfully?



A. Drop the affected tablespace, re-create the tablespace, restore the datafiles, and the tablespace.
B. Take the affected datafile offline (if not already offline), restore the damaged image of the datafile, and then bring it online.
C. Restart the database in MOUNT mode, restore the damaged datafile, recover the datafile and then open the database with resetlogs.
D. Put the database in RESTRICTED mode, restore all the datafiles in the affected datafile and recover the tablespace, and then put the database in normal operational mode.
Answer: C
QUESTION 55 Observe the structure of the table employees: The table contains 8475 records. One of the employees wants to know the names of all employees of the company. For this, he fires the following query:
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES ORDER BY emp_fname;
Since the operation performed on executing the query cannot fit into memory, it requires disk space to complete the operation. Which of the following types of segments will Oracle allocate to complete the operation and to provide the required result?

Name	Null?	Type
emp_id	NOT NULL	NUMBER(5, 0) PRIMARY KEY
emp_fname	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(25)
emp_lname	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)
emp_dob	NOT NULL	DATE
emp_hiredate	NOT NULL	DATE
emp_salary	NOT NULL	NUMBER(5, 2)

A. Rollback segment
B. Temporary segment
C. Data segment
D. Index segment
Answer: B
QUESTION 56 What is the effect of increasing the value of the ASM_POWER_LIMIT parameter?
A. The number of DBWR processes increases.
B. The number of ASMB processes increases.
C. The number of DBWR_TO_SLAVES increases.
D. The rebalancing operation in an ASM

instance completes more quickly, but can result in higher I/O overhead Answer: D QUESTION 57 The DB_BLOCK_CHECKING initialization parameter is set to OFF. Which block checking would be performed? A. The Oracle database will perform block checking for the index blocks only B. The Oracle database will not perform block checking for any of the data blocks C. The Oracle database will perform block checking for the default permanent tablespace only D. The Oracle database will perform block checking for the data blocks in all user tablespaces E. The Oracle database will perform block checking for the data blocks in the SYSTEM tablespace only Answer: E QUESTION 58 You create two resource plans, one for data warehouse loading jobs at night and the other for application jobs at day time. You want the resource plans to activate automatically so that the resource allocation is optimum as desired by the activity. How would you achieve this? A. Implement job classes B. Implement Scheduler windows C. Implement the mapping rule for the consumer groups D. Set the SWITCH_TIME resource plan directive for both the resource plans Answer: B QUESTION 59 Which package provides API's for the SQL Tuning Advisor? A. DBMS_MONITOR B. DBMS_STATSC. DBMS_SQLTUNED. DBMS_ADVISOR Answer: C Explanation: View the Exhibit 1. In the CUSTOMERS_OBE table, when the value of CUST_STATE_PROVINCE is "CA", the value of COUNTRY_ID is "US." View the Exhibit exhibit2 to examine the commands and query plans. The optimizer can sense 8 rows instead of 29 rows, which is the actual number of rows in the table. What can you do to make the optimizer detect the actual selectivity? desc-customers_obe (exhibit):

```
SQL> DESCRIBE CUSTOMERS_OBE
Name
-----
CUST_ID
CUST_FIRST_NAME
CUST_LAST_NAME
CUST_GENDER
CUST_YEAR_OF_BIRTH
CUST_MARITAL_STATUS
CUST_INCOME_LEVEL
CUST_CREDIT_LIMIT
CUST_CITY
CUST_STATE_PROVINCE
COUNTRY_ID
CUST_MAIN_PHONE_NUMBER
CUST_EMAIL
```

sql-select-customers_obe (exhibit):

```
SQL> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM customers_obe WHERE country_id = 'US' AND cust_state_province = 'CA';
COUNT(*)
-----
29

SQL> EXECUTE dbms_stats.gather_table_stats(null,'customers_obe', method_opt => 'for all columns size 1');

SQL> EXPLAIN PLAN FOR SELECT * FROM customers_obe WHERE country_id = 'US' AND cust_state_province = 'CA';
Explains.

SQL> SELECT * FROM customers_obe WHERE country_id = 'US' AND cust_state_province = 'CA';
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT
-----
Plan hash value: 520199036

-----
| Id | Operation | Name | Rows |
-----
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT | | 8 |
| 1 | TABLE ACCESS FULL | CUSTOMERS_OBE | 8 |
-----
8 rows selected.
```

Real example refer to here. Determining Single Column Statistics A good example of correlated or related columns are the country_id and cust_state_province columns in the CUSTOMERS_OBE table. When the value of cust_state_province is 'CA', the value of country_id is 'US'. There is a skew in the data in these two columns, which means the majority of rows in the table have the values 'CA' and 'US'. Both the relationship between the columns and the skew in the data make it difficult for the optimizer to calculate the selectivity or cardinality of these columns correctly when they are used together in a query. Extended statistics should help in this situation.

QUESTION 60 Which two statements are true about the duplexing of the backups taken by RMAN? (Choose two.) A. It's only supported for the backups performed on the tape B. It is not supported for backup operations that produce image copies C. Duplex backups need a parallelism for the device to be equal to number of copies D. Duplex backups can be performed to either disk or tape, but cannot be performed on tape and disk simultaneously Answer: BD

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